# Manual Industry Interfaces

Release Type 1.3 11201, 41201 61201, 61202 64201, 66201 66203, 80201 81201, 81202 84201, 86201

88205



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Subject to errors and changes:

Since we can make mistakes, none of our statements should be used without checking. Please let us know of any mistakes or misunderstandings you are aware of, so that we can recognize and eliminate them quickly.

Perform work on and with W&T products only as described here and only if you have read and understood the manual fully. Unauthorized use can result in hazards. We are not liable for the consequences of unauthorized use. When in doubt, check with us or consult you dealer!

Wiesemann & Theis offers with their Industry Interfaces a complete family of interface converters suitable for top hat rail mounting and powered by the 24V supply commonly used in industrial environments.

Trouble-free, noise-immune operation of the associated components is ensured by integrated galvanic isolation between the two interfaces used as well as between the power supply and the interfaces.

This interface family is described on the following pages along with the corresponding technical data and including connection examples.

For up-to-date information on new developments, see our Internet site at <a href="http://www.wut.de">http://www.wut.de</a> or check the e-mail short notices at the W&T Interface Club, which you can also subscribe to from the W&T Homepage.

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# RS232 <> 20mA Interface, #84201

The W&T Interface Model 84201 permits bi-directional connection of RS232 devices with components, which are equipped with an 20mA port.

#### **Function**

The interface converts one data line in each direction and provides electrical isolation between the RS232 side and the 20mA side. The interface is build in a small plastic housing designed for top hat rail mounting according to DIN EN 50022-35.

#### **Power supply**

The interface uses a build-in switching regulator for power supply and has a wide input voltage range from 12V to 24V. The operating voltage can be supplied by the enclosed AC adaptor or by any other AC or DC voltage in the permissible range. The interface has a build-in reverse voltage protection. The power can be supplied by screwed contacts.

#### **Isolation and ESD protection**

Both ports of the device are isolated from each other and from the power supply with a dielectric strength of 1000 volts. The signals are isolated by means of high-speed opto-couplers; energy is supplied to the driver and receiver elements by means of an isolated DC/DC converter. All signal lines are protected against electrostatic discharge of up to 15kV according to IEC 801-2, level 4.

#### Connectors

The two ports of the interface use DB9 male connectors. The connector pin assignments are shown in the table below:

RS232 interface:

Pin#	Function
2	data in
3	data out
4	active level
5	signal GND
7	active level

20mA interface:

Pin#	Function
1	data out 20mA
2	data out +
3	data out -
4	data out GND
5	n.c.
6	data in 20mA
7	data in +
8	data in -
9	data in GND

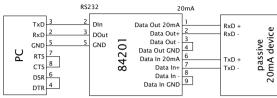
# **Display elements**

The interface includes two LEDs, with green for indicating the correct supply voltage and red for verifying data transmission in both directions.

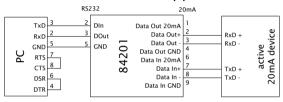
#### **Applications**

The interface can be used as an active or passive 20mA component. In the active mode the interface supplies the current required by the respective 20mA loop, while in the passive mode the loop current must be supplied by the connected device. The operating mode can be selected for both loops seperately. Examples of interface switching into active/ passive mode are shown on the following drawings:

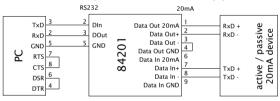
# Interface Tx and Rx loop active



# Interface Tx and Rx loop passive



#### Interface Tx loop active, interface Rx loop passive



T&W **Industry Interfaces** 

#### **Technical Data**

Baud rate: 0..19.200 baud Data format: any format Supported signals: RxD. TxD

Operating modes: active or passive mode

Flectrical isolation: both ports from each other and

from power supply with a dielectric

strength of 1000 volts

ESD immunity: up to 15kV corresponding

to IEC 801-2, Level 4

Power supply: supplied power adapter

or 12..24V DC/AC

approx. 175mA @12V DC Current consumption: 9-pin male SUB-D adapter RS232 adapter: 20mA adapter: 9-pin male SUB-D adapter Ambient temperature: storage: -40..+70°C

operation: 0..+60°C

at external 24V supply voltage

small plastic housing for top hat Housing / Dimensions:

rail mounting, 105x75x22mm

Weight: approx. 600g incl. power adapter Delivery: RS232 <> 20mA Interface

power adapter

for application in office

# RS232 <> RS422/RS485 Interface, #86201

The W&T Interface Model 86201 permits bi-directional connection of RS232 devices with components, which are equipped with an RS422 or RS485 port.

#### **Function**

The interface converts one data line and one handshaking line in each direction and provides electrical isolation between the RS232 side and the RS422/RS485 side. The interface is build in a small plastic housing designed for top hat rail mounting according to DIN EN 50022-35.

# **Power supply**

The interface uses a build-in switching regulator for power supply and has a wide input voltage range from 12V to 24V. The operating voltage can be supplied by the enclosed AC adaptor or by any other AC or DC voltage in the permissible range. The interface has a build-in reverse voltage protection. The power can be supplied by screwed contacts.

#### **Isolation and ESD protection**

Both ports of the device are isolated from each other and from the power supply with a dielectric strength of 1000 volts. The signals are isolated by means of high-speed opto-couplers; energy is supplied to the driver and receiver elements by means of an isolated DC/DC converter. All signal lines are protected against electrostatic discharge of up to 15kV according to IEC 801-2, level 4.

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#### Connectors

The two ports of the interface use DB9 male connectors. The connector pin assignments are shown in the table below:

RS232 interface:

Pin#	Function
2	data in
3	data out
4	handshake out
5	signal GND
8	handshake in

RS422/RS485 interface:

Pin#	Function
1	data out A (-)
2	data in A (-)
3	handshake out A (-)
4	handshake in A (-)
5	signal GND
6	data out B (+)
7	data in B (+)
8	handshake out B (+)
9	handshake in B (+)

# **Display elements**

The interface includes two LEDs, with green for indicating the correct supply voltage and red for verifying data transmission in both directions.

# **Operating mode**

The interface can be set for five operating modes by DIP switch setting on the RS422/RS485 interface module. The selectable operating modes are briefly described here:

# RS422, RS485 4-wire bus master application

One data channel and one handshake channel in each direction are available. The RS422/RS485 receivers and transmitters are always active in this operating mode.

# RS485 4-wire / 2-wire application with echo, handshake control

One data channel in each direction is available. The RS485 output driver is activated with a positive RS232 handshake in signal, while a negative signal forces the driver to high impedance state. The RS485 receiving channel is always active in this operating mode.

# RS485, 2-wire application without echo, handshake control

One data channel in each direction is available. The RS485 output driver is activated with a positive RS232 handshake in signal, while a negative signal forces the driver to high impedance state. The RS485 receiving channel is deactivated when the driver is on, but is switched on when the driver is in the high impedance state.

# RS485, 4 wire application / RS485 2-wire application with echo, automatic control

One data channel in each direction is available. The RS485 output driver is activated automatically with each transmission of data, and goes to the high impedance state again after the end of transmission. The RS485 receiving channel is always active in this operating mode.

#### RS485, 2 wire application without echo, automatic control

One data channel in each direction is available. The RS485 output driver is activated automatically with each transmission of data, and goes to the high impedance state again after the end of transmission. The RS485 receiving channel is deactivated when the driver is on, but is switched on when the driver is in the high impedance state

#### Setting the operating modes

To configure the RS485 / RS422 Interfaces, the enclosure must be opened to set the mode type/termination DIL switches on the interface module. For this purpose we recommend threading a SUB-D connector with connector body onto the Interface and use the threaded-on connector to assist in removing the housing cover from the housing body.

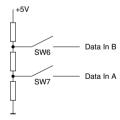
Please see the following table for an explanation of the operating mode DIP switch:

Operating mode	SW1	SW2	SW3	SW4	SW5	SW8
RS422, RS485, 4-wire bus master	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF
RS485, 4-wire / 2-wire with echo, handshake control	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	OFF
RS485, 4-wire / 2-wire without echo, handshake control	ON	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	OFF
RS485, 4-wire / 2-wire with echo, automatic control	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF
RS485, 4-wire / 2-wire without echo, automatic control	ON	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF

#### **Termination**

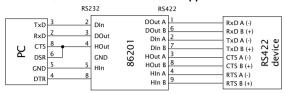
For all RS485 operating modes it is essential that the bus system be terminated with a termination network which assures a defined rest state in the high-impedance phases of bus operation.

The bus system can be connected to a termination network by closing switches #6 and #7 on the interface module:

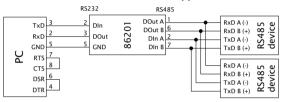


# **Applications**

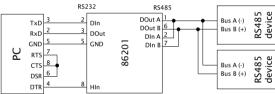
RS422 hardware handshake application



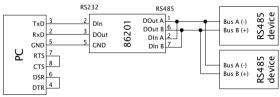
#### RS485 4-wire bus master application



# RS485 2-wire application with handshake control



## RS485 2-wire application with automatic control



**W&T** Industry Interfaces

#### **Technical Data**

Baud rate: 0..115,200 baud

Data format: any format

Supported signals: RxD, TxD, CTS, DTR

Operating modes: RS422

RS485: 2/4 wire mode, with or without echo,

handshake or automatic control

Termination: Switchable termination network

for RS485 operation

Electrical isolation: both ports from each other and

from power supply with a dielectric

strength of 1000 volts

ESD immunity: up to 15kV corresponding

to IEC 801-2, Level 4

Power supply: supplied power adapter

or 12..24V DC/AC

Current consumption: approx. 150mA @12V DC RS232 adapter: 9-pin male SUB-D adapter RS422/RS485 adapter: 9-pin male SUB-D adapter Ambient temperature: storage: -40...+70°C

operation: 0..+60°C at

external 24V supply voltage

Housing / Dimensions: small plastic housing for top hat

rail mounting, 105x75x22mm

Weight: approx. 600g incl. power adapter Delivery: RS232 <> RS422/RS485 Interface

power adapter

for application in office

#### 20mA <> RS422/RS485 Interface, #64201

The W&T Interface Model 64201 permits bi-directional connection of 20mA devices with components, which are equipped with an RS422 or RS485 port.

#### **Function**

The interface converts one data line in each direction and provides electrical isolation between the 20mA side and the RS422/RS485 side. The interface is build in a small plastic housing designed for top hat rail mounting according to DIN EN 50022-35.

# **Power supply**

The interface uses a build-in switching regulator for power supply and has a wide input voltage range from 12V to 24V. The operating voltage can be supplied by the enclosed AC adaptor or by any other AC or DC voltage in the permissible range. The interface has a build-in reverse voltage protection. The power can be supplied by screwed contacts.

#### **Isolation and ESD protection**

Both ports of the device are isolated from each other and from the power supply with a dielectric strength of 1000 volts. The signals are isolated by means of high-speed opto-couplers; energy is supplied to the driver and receiver elements by means of an isolated DC/DC converter. All signal lines are protected against electrostatic discharge of up to 15kV according to IEC 801-2, level 4.

#### Conenctors

The two ports of the interface use DB9 male connectors. The connector pin assignments are shown in the table below:

RS422/RS485 interface:

Pin#	Function
1	data out A (-)
2	data in A (-)
5	signal GND
6	data out B (+)
7	data in B ( +)

20mA interface:

Pin#	Function
1	data out 20mA
2	data out +
3	data out -
4	data out GND
5	n.c.
6	data in 20mA
7	data in +
8	data in -
9	data in GND

# **Display elements**

The interface includes two LEDs, with green for indicating the correct supply voltage and red for verifying data transmission in both directions.

#### **Operating modes**

#### 20mA interface

The interface can be used as an active or passive 20mA component. In the active mode, the interface supplies the current required by the respective 20mA loop, while in the passive mode the loop current must be supplied by the connected device. The operating mode can be selected for both loops separately.

#### RS422/RS485 interface

The interface can be set for three operating modes by DIP switch setting on the RS422/RS485 interface module. The selectable operating modes are briefly described here:

# RS422, RS485 4-wire bus master application

One data channel and one handshake channel in each direction are available. The RS422/RS485 receivers and transmitters are always active in this operating mode.

#### RS485 4-wire bus systems

One data channel in each direction is available. The RS485 output driver is activated automatically with each transmission of data, and goes to the high impedance state again after the end of transmission. The RS485 receiving channel is always active in this operating mode.

#### RS485 2-wire bus systems

One data channel in each direction is available. The RS485 output driver is activated automatically with each transmission of data, and goes to the high impedance state again after the end of transmission. The RS485 receiving channel is deactivated when the driver is on, but is switched on when the driver is in the high impedance state.

#### Setting the operating modes

To configure the RS485 / RS422 Interfaces, the enclosure must be opened to set the mode type/termination DIL switches on the interface module. For this purpose we recommend threading a SUB-D connector with connector body onto the Interface and use the threaded-on connector to assist in removing the housing cover from the housing body.

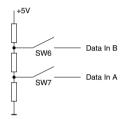
Please see the following table for an explanation of the operating mode DIP switch:

Betriebsart	SW1	SW2	SW3	SW4	SW5	SW8
RS422, RS485, 4-Draht-Bus-Master	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF
RS485, 4-Draht-Bussysteme	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF
RS485, 2-Draht-Bussysteme	ON	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF

#### **Termination**

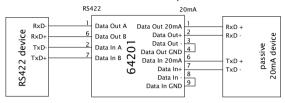
For all RS485 operating modes it is essential that the bus system be terminated with a termination network which assures a defined rest state in the high-impedance phases of bus operation.

The bus system can be connected to a termination network by closing switches #6 and #7 on the interface module:

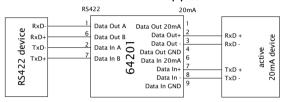


# **Applications**

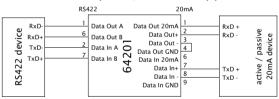
#### Interface Tx and Rx loop active



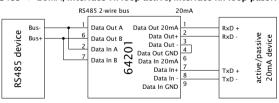
#### Interface Tx and Rx loop passive



#### Interface Tx loop active, interface Rx loop passive



#### RS485 <> 20mA, interface Tx loop active, interface Rx loop passive



**W&T** Industry Interfaces

#### **Technical Data**

Termination:

Baud rate: 0..19,200 baud
Data format: any format
Supported signals: RxD, TxD
Operating modes: RS422

RS485: 2-/4-wire mode, automatic control

20mA: active or passive mode Switchable termination network

for RS485 operation

Electrical isolation: both ports from each other and

from power supply with a dielectric

strength of 1000 volts

ESD immunity: up to 15kV corresponding

to IEC 801-2, Level 4

Power supply: supplied power adapter

or 12..24V DC/AC

Current consumption: approx. 140mA @12V DC 20mA adapter: 9-pin male SUB-D adapter RS422/RS485 adapter: 9-pin male SUB-D adapter Ambient temperature: storage: -40...+70°C

operation: 0..+60°C

at external 24V supply voltage
Housing / Dimensions: small plastic housing for top hat

rail mounting, 105x75x22mm

Weight: approx. 600g incl. power adapter Delivery: 20mA <> RS422/RS485 Interface

power adapter

for application in office

# RS232 Isolator, #88205

The W&T RS232 Isolator Model 88205 permits bi-directional connection of two RS232 devices with an electrical isolation voltage of 1000 Volts.

#### **Function**

The isolator supports all data and handshaking lines of 9 pin RS232 interfaces and has two mutually independent, active RS232 interfaces. Therefore the isolator can be used as a RS232 repeater device to double the permissible cable length by inserting the isolator in the middle of the transmission line. The RS232 isolator is build in a small plastic housing designed for top hat rail mounting according to DIN EN 50022-35.

#### **Power supply**

The isolator uses a build-in switching regulator for power supply and has a wide input voltage range from 12V to 24V. The operating voltage can be supplied by the enclosed AC adaptor or by any other AC or DC voltage in the permissible range. The interface has a build-in reverse voltage protection. The power can be supplied by screwed contacts.

#### **Isolation and ESD protection**

Both ports of the device are isolated from each other and from the power supply with a dielectric strength of 1000 volts. The signals are isolated by means of high-speed opto-couplers; energy is supplied to the driver and receiver elements by means of an isolated DC/DC converter. All signal lines are protected against electrostatic discharge of up to 15kV according to IEC 801-2, level 4.

#### Connectors

The DTE port of the isolator uses a 9-pin male SUB-D connector, while the DCE port uses an 9-pin female SUB-D connector. The connector pin assignments are shown in the table below:

RS232 DCE interface (9-pin female)

Pin#	Function	Direction
1	DCD	output
2	RxD	output
3	TxD	input
4	DTR	input
5	GND	GND
6	DSR	output
7	RTS	input
8	CTS	output
9	RI	output

RS232 DTE interface (9-pin male)

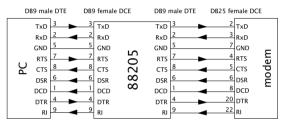
Pin#	Function	Direction
1	DCD	input
2	RxD	input
3	TxD	output
4	DTR	output
5	GND	GND
6	DSR	input
7	RTS	output
8	CTS	input
9	RI	input

# **Display elements**

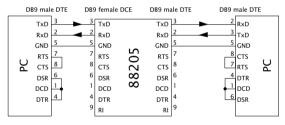
The isolator includes two LEDs, with green for indicating the correct supply voltage and red for verifying data transmission in both directions.

# **Applications**

#### hardware handshake controlled PC <> modem communication



#### software handshake controlled PC <> PC communication



T&W **Industry Interfaces** 

#### **Technical Data**

Baud rate: 0..115.200 baud

Data format: any format

Supported signals: RxD, TxD, RTS, CTS,

DSR. DCD. DTR. RI

Flectrical isolation: both ports from each other and

from power supply with a dielectric

strength of 1000 volts

ESD immunity: up to 15kV corresponding

to IEC 801-2, Level 4

Power supply: supplied power adapter

or 12..24V DC/AC

approx. 150mA @12V DC Current consumption: RS232 DTE adapter: 9-pin male SUB-D adapter RS232 DCE adapter: 9-pin female SUB-D adapter

Ambient temperature: storage: -40..+70°C

operation: 0..+60°C

at external 24V supply voltage

small plastic housing for top hat Housing / Dimensions:

rail mounting, 105x75x22mm

Weight: approx. 600g incl. power adapter

Delivery: RS232 Isolator

power adapter

for application in office

#### RS422 / RS485 Isolator, #66201

The W&T RS422/RS485 Isolator Model 66201 permits bi-directional connection of two RS422 devices or RS485 bus systems with an electrical isolation voltage of 1000 Volts.

#### **Function**

In RS422 mode the isolator supports one data and one hand-shaking line in each direction. In RS485 mode the isolator supports 2-wire and 4-wire bus systems. The repeater is build in a small plastic housing designed for top hat rail mounting according to DIN EN 50022-35.

## **Power supply**

The isolator uses a build-in switching regulator for power supply and has a wide input voltage range from 12V to 24V. The operating voltage can be supplied by the enclosed AC adaptor or by any other AC or DC voltage in the permissible range. The interface has a build-in reverse voltage protection. The power can be supplied by screwed contacts.

# **Isolation and ESD protection**

Both ports of the device are isolated from each other and from the power supply with a dielectric strength of 1000 volts. The signals are isolated by means of high-speed opto-couplers; energy is supplied to the driver and receiver elements by means of an isolated DC/DC converter. All signal lines are protected against electrostatic discharge of up to 15kV according to IEC 801-2, level 4.

#### Connectors

The two ports of the device use DB9 male connectors. The connector pin assignments are shown in the table below:

Pin#	Function
1	data out A (-)
2	data in A (-)
3	handshake out A (-)
4	handshake in A (-)
5	signal GND
6	data out B (+)
7	data in B (+)
8	handshake out B (+)
9	handshake in B (+)

# **Display elements**

The isolator includes two LEDs, with green for indicating the correct supply voltage and red for verifying data transmission in both directions.

# **Operating mode**

The isolator can be set for three operating modes by DIP switch setting on the RS422/RS485 interface module. The selectable operating modes are briefly described here:

#### RS422

One data channel and one handshake channel in each direction are available. The RS422/RS485 receivers and transmitters are always active in this operating mode.

#### RS485 4-wire bus systems

One data channel in each direction is available. The RS485 output driver is activated automatically with each transmission of data, and goes to the high impedance state again after the end of transmission. The RS485 receiving channel is always active in this operating mode.

#### RS485 2-wire bus systems

One data channel in each direction is available. The RS485 output driver is activated automatically with each transmission of data, and goes to the high impedance state again after the end of transmission. The RS485 receiving channel is deactivated when the driver is on, but is switched on when the driver is in the high impedance state.

#### Setting the operating modes

To configure the RS485 / RS422 Interfaces, the enclosure must be opened to set the mode type/termination DIL switches on the interface module. For this purpose we recommend threading a SUB-D connector with connector body onto the Interface and use the threaded-on connector to assist in removing the housing cover from the housing body.

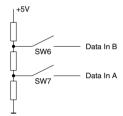
Please see the following table for an explanation of the operating mode DIP switch:

Operating mode	SW1	SW2	SW3	SW4	SW5	SW8
RS422	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF
RS485, 4-wire bus system	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF
RS485, 2-wire bus system	ON	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF

#### Termination

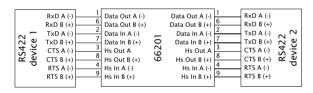
For all RS485 operating modes it is essential that the bus system be terminated with a termination network which assures a defined rest state in the high-impedance phases of bus operation.

The bus system can be connected to a termination network by closing switches #6 and #7 on the interface module:

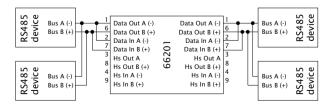


# **Applications**

RS422 hardware handshake application



RS485 2-wire application



W&T Industry Interfaces

#### **Technical Data**

Baud rate: 0..3 Mbaud Data format: any format

Supported signals: RxD, TxD, CTS, DTR

Operating modes: RS422

RS485 2-/4-wire mode automatic control

Termination: Switchable termination network

for RS485 operation

Electrical isolation: both ports from each other and

from power supply with a dielectric

strength of 1000 volts

ESD immunity: up to 15kV corresponding

to IEC 801-2, Level 4

Power supply: supplied power adapter

or 12..24V DC/AC

Current consumption: approx. 140mA @12V DC RS422/RS485 adapter: 9-pin male SUB-D adapter Ambient temperature: storage: -40...+70°C

operation: 0..+60°C

at external 24V supply voltage

Housing / Dimensions: small plastic housing for top hat

rail mounting, 105x75x22mm

Weight: approx. 600g incl. power adapter
Delivery: RS422/RS485 Isolator

power adapter

for application in office

W&T

# Industry Interfaces

# Profibus Isolator, #66203

The W&T Profibus Isolator Model 66203 permits bi-directional connection of Profibus devices with an electrical isolation voltage of 1000 Volts.

#### **Function**

The device functions as an RS485 isolator for 2-wire bus systems, with automatic direction control up to a maximum baud rate of 3 Mbaud. The repeater is build in a small plastic housing designed for top hat rail mounting according to DIN EN 50022-35.

# **Power supply**

The isolator uses a build-in switching regulator for power supply and has a wide input voltage range from 12V to 24V. The operating voltage can be supplied by the enclosed AC adaptor or by any other AC or DC voltage in the permissible range. The interface has a build-in reverse voltage protection. The power can be supplied by screwed contacts.

# **Isolation and ESD protection**

Both ports of the device are isolated from each other and from the power supply with a dielectric strength of 1000 volts. The signals are isolated by means of high-speed opto-couplers; energy is supplied to the driver and receiver elements by means of an isolated DC/DC converter. All signal lines are protected against electrostatic discharge of up to 15kV according to IEC 801-2, level 4.

#### Connections

The two ports of the device use DB9 female connectors. The connector pin assignments are shown in the table below:

Pin#	Function
1	Shield
2	n.c.
3	RxD/TxD-P
4	CNTR-P
5	DGND
6	VP
7	n.c.
8	RxD/TxD-N
9	CNTR-N

# **Display elements**

The isolator includes two LEDs, with green for indicating the correct supply voltage and red for verifying data transmission in both directions.

#### Termination

Both ends of a Profibus segment must be terminated with a terminating network which is usually integrated into the Profibus connectors and can be optionally switched. This resistor network has two functions: to ensure reflection-free termination of the line, and to provide a defined rest state on the lines during the high-impedence phases of the bus system.

To supply the termination network, Pin 6 provides 5V referenced to the ground Pin 5, with a maximum load capacity of 50mA.

W&T Industry Interfaces

#### **Technical Data**

Baud rate: 0..3 Mbaud
Data format: any format
Supported signals: Bus A/B

Vcc and GND for supply of the

external termination network

Operating mode: RS485 2-wire mode without echo,

automatic control

Electrical isolation: both ports from each other and

from power supply with a dielectric

strength of 1000 volts

ESD immunity: up to 15kV corresponding

to IEC 801-2, Level 4

Power supply: supplied power adapter

or 12..24V DC/AC

Current consumption: approx. 160mA @12V DC
Profibus adapter: 9-pin female SUB-D adapter

Ambient temperature: storage: -40..+70°C

operation: 0..+60°C

at external 24V supply voltage
Housing / Dimensions: small plastic housing for top hat

rail mounting, 105x75x45mm

Weight: approx. 600g incl. power adapter

Delivery: Profibus Isolator

power adapter

for application in office

W&T

Industry Interfaces

# RS232 <> POF Interface, #81201

The W&T Interface Model 81201 permits bi-directional connection of RS232 devices with components, which are equipped with plastic fiber optics interface.

#### **Function**

The Interface supports one data line in each direction and transmits data over a distance of max. 100 meters. The transmission medium is standard duplex plastic fiber optic cable, which is inexpensive and extremely easy to work with and install. The use of fiber optics as a transmission medium ensures perfect galvanic isolation between the connected devices and clean transmission even in noise-prone environments. The interface is build in a small plastic housing designed for top hat rail mounting according to DIN EN 50022-35.

## Power supply

The interface uses a build-in switching regulator for power supply and has a wide input voltage range from 12V to 24V. The operating voltage can be supplied by the enclosed AC adaptor or by any other AC or DC voltage in the permissible range. The interface has a build-in reverse voltage protection. The power can be supplied by screwed contacts.

#### **Isolation and ESD protection**

The RS232 port of the device is isolated from the power supply with a dielectric strength of 1000 volts. The signals are isolated by means of high-speed opto-couplers; energy is supplied to the driver and receiver elements by means of an isolated DC/DC converter. All signal lines are protected against electrostatic discharge of up to 15kV according to IEC 801-2, level 4.

#### Connections

The fiber optic connection for the interface is configured as a self-locking coupling for duplex plastic fiber optics, with the RS232 interface formatted as DB9 male connector. Refer to the following table for connector pin assignments:

Pin#	Function
2	data in
3	data out
4	active level
5	signal GND
7	active level

# **Display elements**

The interface includes two LEDs, with green for indicating the correct supply voltage and red for verifying data transmission in both directions.

# **Assembly**

Connecting the plastic fiber optic cable to the interface requires no special tools:

- Trim the fiber optic cable to the desired length using a sharp knife. Make your cut as close to a right angle to the longitudinal axis of the cable as possible. A simple cut is generally sufficient, with no reworking required.
- Separate the individual duplex conductors back from the cut point to a distance of around 2cm.
- Pull the locking levers on the fiber optic female connector back towards the module along the upper side of the coupling.

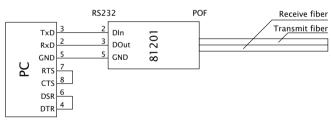
- At the same time insert the separated end of the fiber optic duplex line into the fiber optic coupling female.
- Releasing the locking levers locks the fiber optics into the coupling.
- To release, pull the two locking levers on the top of the coupling towards the module, and pull the fiber optic cable out of the female.

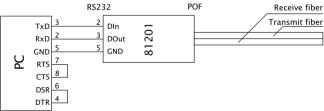
The arrows on the top side of the coupling clearly show the location of the emitter and receiver lines.

Please note that when connecting two fiber optic components, the emitter of the first must always be connected to the receiver channel of the second component. A visible red light beam is always sent along with data, so that the sending line can always be easily identified.

# **Applications**

# RS232 <> POF application without hardware handshake





#### **Technical Data**

Baud rate: 0..115,200 baud

Data format: any format
Supported signals: RxD, TxD
Max. distance: 100m

Electrical Isolation: Serial port from power supply with

a dielectric strength of 1000 volts

ESD immunity: up to 15kV corresponding

to IEC 801-2, Level 4

Power supply: supplied power adapter

or 12..24V DC/AC

Current consumption: approx. 130mA @12V DC RS232 adapter: 9-pin male SUB-D adapter

POF adapter: Integrated socket

with automatic interlocking of the fiber-optic cable

POF medium: Duplex plastic optical fiber cable

2.2 x 4.4 mm, fiber diameter of 980µm, core: PMMA, cladding: PE

Ambient temperature: storage: -40..+70°C

operation: 0..+50°C

at external 24V supply voltage

Housing / Dimensions: small plastic housing for top hat

rail mounting, 105x75x22mm approx. 600g incl. power adapter

Delivery: RS232 <> POF Interface

power adapter

for application in office

Weight:

#### RS232 <> POF Interface with handshake, #81202

The W&T Interface Model 81202 permits bi-directional connection of RS232 devices with components, which are equipped with plastic fiber optics interface.

#### **Function**

The Interface supports one data line and one handshake line in each direction and transmits data over a distance of max. 50 meters. The transmission medium is standard duplex plastic fiber optic cable, which is inexpensive and extremely easy to work with and install. The use of fiber optics as a transmission medium ensures perfect galvanic isolation between the connected devices and clean transmission even in noise-prone environments. The interface is build in a small plastic housing designed for top hat rail mounting according to DIN EN 50022-35.

#### **Power supply**

The interface uses a build-in switching regulator for power supply and has a wide input voltage range from 12V to 24V. The operating voltage can be supplied by the enclosed AC adaptor or by any other AC or DC voltage in the permissible range. The interface has a build-in reverse voltage protection. The power can be supplied by screwed contacts.

#### **Isolation and ESD protection**

The RS232 port of the device is isolated from the power supply with a dielectric strength of 1000 volts. The signals are isolated by means of high-speed opto-couplers; energy is supplied to the driver and receiver elements by means of an isolated DC/DC converter. All signal lines are protected against electrostatic discharge of up to 15kV according to IEC 801-2, level 4.

#### Connections

The fiber optic connection for the interface is configured as a self-locking coupling for duplex plastic fiber optics, with the RS232 interface formatted as DB9 male connector. Refer to the following table for connector pin assignments:

Pin#	Function	
2	data in	
3	data out	
4	active level	
5	signal GND	
7	handshake out	
8	handshake in	

## **Display elements**

The interface includes two LEDs, with green for indicating the correct supply voltage and red for verifying data transmission in both directions.

# **Assembly**

Connecting the plastic fiber optic cable to the interface requires no special tools:

- Trim the fiber optic cable to the desired length using a sharp knife. Make your cut as close to a right angle to the longitudinal axis of the cable as possible. A simple cut is generally sufficient, with no reworking required.
- Separate the individual duplex conductors back from the cut point to a distance of around 2cm.
- Pull the locking levers on the fiber optic female connector back towards the module along the upper side of the coupling.

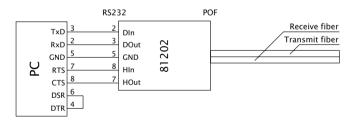
- At the same time insert the separated end of the fiber optic duplex line into the fiber optic coupling female.
- Releasing the locking levers locks the fiber optics into the coupling.
- To release, pull the two locking levers on the top of the coupling towards the module, and pull the fiber optic cable out of the female.

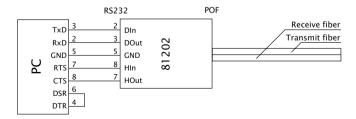
The arrows on the top side of the coupling clearly show the location of the emitter and receiver lines.

Please note that when connecting two fiber optic components, the emitter of the first must always be connected to the receiver channel of the second component. A visible red light beam is always sent along with data, so that the sending line can always be easily identified.

# **Applications**

RS232 <> POF application with hardware handshake





#### **Technical Data**

Baud rate: 0..57,600 baud
Data format: any format

Supported signals: RxD, TxD, RTS, CTS

Max. distance: 50m

Electrical Isolation: Serial port from power supply with

a dielectric strength of 1000 volts

ESD immunity: up to 15kV corresponding

to IEC 801-2, Level 4

Power supply: supplied power adapter

or 12..24V DC/AC

Current consumption: approx. 170mA @12V DC RS232 adapter: 9-pin male SUB-D adapter

POF adapter: Integrated socket

with automatic interlocking of the fiber-optic cable

POF medium: Duplex plastic optical fiber cable

2.2 x 4.4 mm, fiber diameter of 980µm, core: PMMA, cladding: PE

Ambient temperature: storage: -40..+70°C

operation: 0..+50°C

at external 24V supply voltage

Housing / Dimensions: small plastic housing for top hat

rail mounting, 105x75x22mm approx. 600g incl. power adapter

Delivery: RS232 <> POF Interface

relivery. R3232 <> FOI III

power adapter

for application in office

Weight:

# RS422/RS485 <> POF Interface, #61201

The W&T Interface Model 61201 permits bi-directional connection of RS422 and RS485 devices with components, which are equipped with a plastic fiber optics interface.

#### **Function**

The Interface supports one data line in each direction and transmits data over a distance of max. 100 meters. The transmission medium is standard duplex plastic fiber optic cable, which is inexpensive and extremely easy to work with and install. The use of fiber optics as a transmission medium ensures perfect galvanic isolation between the connected devices and clean transmission even in noise-prone environments. The interface is build in a small plastic housing designed for top hat rail mounting according to DIN EN 50022-35.

#### Power supply

The interface uses a build-in switching regulator for power supply and has a wide input voltage range from 12V to 24V. The operating voltage can be supplied by the enclosed AC adaptor or by any other AC or DC voltage in the permissible range. The interface has a build-in reverse voltage protection. The power can be supplied by screwed contacts.

#### **Isolation and ESD protection**

The RS422/RS485 port of the device is isolated from the power supply with a dielectric strength of 1000 volts. The signals are isolated by means of high-speed opto-couplers; energy is supplied to the driver and receiver elements by means of an isolated DC/DC converter. All signal lines are protected against electrostatic discharge of up to 15kV according to IEC 801-2, level 4.

#### Connections

The fiber optic connection for the interface is configured as a self-locking coupling for duplex plastic fiber optics, with the RS422/RS485 interface formatted as DB9 male connector. Refer to the following table for connector pin assignments:

Pin#	Function		
1	data out A (-)		
2	data in A (-)		
5	signal GND		
6	data out B (+)		
7	data in B ( +)		

# **Display elements**

The interface includes two LEDs, with green for indicating the correct supply voltage and red for verifying data transmission in both directions.

## Assembly

Connecting the plastic fiber optic cable to the interface requires no special tools:

- Trim the fiber optic cable to the desired length using a sharp knife. Make your cut as close to a right angle to the longitudinal axis of the cable as possible. A simple cut is generally sufficient, with no reworking required.
- Separate the individual duplex conductors back from the cut point to a distance of around 2cm.

- Pull the locking levers on the fiber optic female connector back towards the module along the upper side of the coupling.
- At the same time insert the separated end of the fiber optic duplex line into the fiber optic coupling female.
- Releasing the locking levers locks the fiber optics into the coupling.
- To release, pull the two locking levers on the top of the coupling towards the module, and pull the fiber optic cable out of the female.

The arrows on the top side of the coupling clearly show the location of the emitter and receiver lines.

Please note that when connecting two fiber optic components, the emitter of the first must always be connected to the receiver channel of the second component. A visible red light beam is always sent along with data, so that the sending line can always be easily identified.

#### **Operating Mode**

The interface can be set for three operating modes by DIP switch setting on the RS422/RS485 interface module. The selectable operating modes are briefly described here:

#### RS422, RS485 4-wire bus master application

One data channel and one handshake channel in each direction are available. The RS422/RS485 receivers and transmitters are always active in this operating mode.

# RS485, 4 wire / 2-wire application with echo, automatic control

One data channel in each direction is available. The RS485 output driver is activated automatically with each transmission of data, and goes to the high impedance state again after the end of transmission. The RS485 receiving channel is always active in this operating mode.

#### RS485, 2 wire application without echo, automatic control

One data channel in each direction is available. The RS485 output driver is activated automatically with each transmission of data, and goes to the high impedance state again after the end of transmission. The RS485 receiving channel is deactivated when the driver is on, but is switched on when the driver is in the high impedance state.

# Setting the operating modes

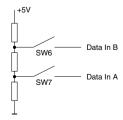
To configure the RS485 / RS422 Interfaces, the enclosure must be opened to set the mode type/termination DIL switches on the interface module. For this purpose we recommend threading a SUB-D connector with connector body onto the Interface and use the threaded-on connector to assist in removing the housing cover from the housing body.

Please see the following table for an explanation of the operating mode DIP switch:

Operating mode	SW1	SW2	SW3	SW4	SW5	SW8
RS422, RS485, 4-wire bus master	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF
RS485, 4-wire / 2-wire with echo	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF
RS485, 2-wire bus systems w/o echo	ON	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF

# **Termination**

For all RS485 operating modes it is essential that the bus system be terminated with a termination network which assures a defined rest state in the high-impedance phases of bus operation. The bus system can be connected to a termination network by closing switches #6 and #7 on the interface module:

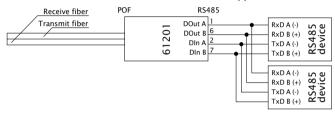


# **Applications**

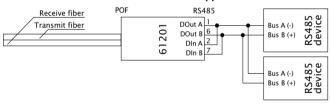
RS422 <> POF application



# RS485 4-wire bus master <> POF application



# RS485 2-wire <> POF application



#### **Technical Data**

Baud rate: 0..115,200 baud

Data format: any format
Supported signals: RxD, TxD
Max. distance: 100m
Operating modes: RS422

RS485 2-/4-wire mode automatic control

Electrical Isolation: Serial port from power supply with

a dielectric strength of 1000 volts

ESD immunity: up to 15kV corresponding

to IEC 801-2, Level 4

Termination: Switchable termination network

for RS485 operation

Power supply: supplied power adapter

or 12..24V DC/AC

Current consumption: approx. 160mA @12V DC RS422/RS485 adapter: 9-pin male SUB-D adapter

POF adapter: Integrated socket

with automatic interlocking of the fiber-optic cable

POF medium: Duplex plastic optical fiber cable

2.2 x 4.4 mm, fiber diameter of 980µm, core: PMMA, cladding: PE

Ambient temperature: storage: -40..+70°C

operation: 0..+50°C

at external 24V supply voltage

Housing / Dimensions: small plastic housing for top hat

rail mounting, 105x75x22mm

Weight: approx. 600g incl. power adapter Delivery: RS422/RS485 <> POF Interface

power adapter

for application in office

# Profibus <> POF Interface, #61202

The W&T Interface Model 61202 permits bi-directional connection of Profibus devices with components, which are equipped with a plastic fiber optics interface.

#### **Function**

The Interface supports one data line in each direction and transmits data over a distance of max. 100 meters. The transmission medium is standard duplex plastic fiber optic cable, which is inexpensive and extremely easy to work with and install. The use of fiber optics as a transmission medium ensures perfect galvanic isolation between the connected devices and clean transmission even in noise-prone environments. The interface is build in a small plastic housing designed for top hat rail mounting according to DIN EN 50022-35.

#### Power supply

The interface uses a build-in switching regulator for power supply and has a wide input voltage range from 12V to 24V. The operating voltage can be supplied by the enclosed AC adaptor or by any other AC or DC voltage in the permissible range. The interface has a build-in reverse voltage protection. The power can be supplied by screwed contacts.

#### **Isolation and ESD protection**

The Profibus port of the device is isolated from the power supply with a dielectric strength of 1000 volts. The signals are isolated by means of high-speed opto-couplers; energy is supplied to the driver and receiver elements by means of an isolated DC/DC converter. All signal lines are protected against electrostatic discharge of up to 15kV according to IEC 801-2, level 4.

#### Connections

The fiber optic connection for the interface is configured as a self-locking coupling for duplex plastic fiber optics, with the Profibus interface formatted as DB9 female connector. Refer to the following table for connector pin assignments:

Pin#	Function	
1	Shield	
2	n.c.	
3	RxD/TxD-P	
4	CNTR-P	
5	DGND	
6	VP	
7	n.c.	
8	RxD/TxD-N	
9	CNTR-N	

# **Display elements**

The interface includes two LEDs, with green for indicating the correct supply voltage and red for verifying data transmission in both directions.

# **Assembly**

Connecting the plastic fiber optic cable to the interface requires no special tools:

- Trim the fiber optic cable to the desired length using a sharp knife. Make your cut as close to a right angle to the longitudinal axis of the cable as possible. A simple cut is generally sufficient, with no reworking required.
- Separate the individual duplex conductors back from the cut point to a distance of around 2cm.

- Pull the locking levers on the fiber optic female connector back towards the module along the upper side of the coupling.
- At the same time insert the separated end of the fiber optic duplex line into the fiber optic coupling female.
- Releasing the locking levers locks the fiber optics into the coupling.
- To release, pull the two locking levers on the top of the coupling towards the module, and pull the fiber optic cable out of the female.

The arrows on the top side of the coupling clearly show the location of the emitter and receiver lines.

Please note that when connecting two fiber optic components, the emitter of the first must always be connected to the receiver channel of the second component. A visible red light beam is always sent along with data, so that the sending line can always be easily identified.

#### **Termination**

Both ends of a Profibus segment must be terminated with a terminating network which is usually integrated into the Profibus connectors and can be optionally switched. This resistor network has two functions: to ensure reflection-free termination of the line, and to provide a defined rest state on the lines during the high-impedence phases of the bus system.

To supply the termination network, Pin 6 provides 5V referenced to the ground Pin 5, with a maximum load capacity of 50mA.

#### **Technical Data**

Baud rate: 0..115,200 baud
Data format: any format

Supported signals: Bus A/B

Vcc and GND for supply of the external termination network

Max. distance: 100m

Operating mode: RS485 2-wire mode without echo,

automatic control

Electrical Isolation: Serial port from power supply with

a dielectric strength of 1000 volts

ESD immunity: up to 15kV corresponding

to IEC 801-2, Level 4

Power supply: supplied power adapter

or 12..24V DC/AC

Current consumption: approx. 150mA @12V DC
Profibus adapter: 9-pin female SUB-D adapter

POF adapter: Integrated socket

with automatic interlocking of the fiber-optic cable

POF medium: Duplex plastic optical fiber cable

2.2 x 4.4 mm, fiber diameter of 980µm, core: PMMA, cladding: PE

Ambient temperature: storage: -40..+70°C

operation: 0..+50°C

at external 24V supply voltage

Housing / Dimensions: small plastic housing for top hat

rail mounting, 105x75x22mm

Weight: approx. 600g incl. power adapter Delivery: Profibus <> POF Interface

power adapter

for application in office

# 20mA <> POF Interface, #41201

The W&T Interface Model 41201 permits bi-directional connection of 20mA devices with components, which are equipped with a plastic fiber optics interface.

#### **Function**

The Interface supports one data line in each direction and transmits data over a distance of max. 100 meters. The transmission medium is standard duplex plastic fiber optic cable, which is inexpensive and extremely easy to work with and install. The use of fiber optics as a transmission medium ensures perfect galvanic isolation between the connected devices and clean transmission even in noise-prone environments. The interface is build in a small plastic housing designed for top hat rail mounting according to DIN EN 50022-35.

#### **Power supply**

The interface uses a build-in switching regulator for power supply and has a wide input voltage range from 12V to 24V. The operating voltage can be supplied by the enclosed AC adaptor or by any other AC or DC voltage in the permissible range. The interface has a build-in reverse voltage protection. The power can be supplied by screwed contacts.

#### **Isolation and ESD protection**

The 20mA port of the device is isolated from the power supply with a dielectric strength of 1000 volts. The signals are isolated by means of high-speed opto-couplers; energy is supplied to the driver and receiver elements by means of an isolated DC/DC converter. All signal lines are protected against electrostatic discharge of up to 15kV according to IEC 801-2, level 4.

#### Connections

The fiber optic connection for the interface is configured as a self-locking coupling for duplex plastic fiber optics, with the 20mA interface formatted as DB9 male connector. Refer to the following table for connector pin assignments:

Pin#	Function		
1	data out 20mA		
2	data out +		
3	data out -		
4	data out GND		
5	n.c.		
6	data in 20mA		
7	data in +		
8	data in -		
9	data in GND		

# **Display elements**

The interface includes two LEDs, with green for indicating the correct supply voltage and red for verifying data transmission in both directions.

# **Assembly**

Connecting the plastic fiber optic cable to the interface requires no special tools:

- Trim the fiber optic cable to the desired length using a sharp knife. Make your cut as close to a right angle to the longitudinal axis of the cable as possible. A simple cut is generally sufficient, with no reworking required.
- Separate the individual duplex conductors back from the cut point to a distance of around 2cm.

- Pull the locking levers on the fiber optic female connector back towards the module along the upper side of the coupling.
- At the same time insert the separated end of the fiber optic duplex line into the fiber optic coupling female.
- Releasing the locking levers locks the fiber optics into the coupling.
- To release, pull the two locking levers on the top of the coupling towards the module, and pull the fiber optic cable out of the female.

The arrows on the top side of the coupling clearly show the location of the emitter and receiver lines.

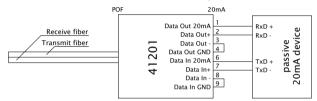
Please note that when connecting two fiber optic components, the emitter of the first must always be connected to the receiver channel of the second component. A visible red light beam is always sent along with data, so that the sending line can always be easily identified.

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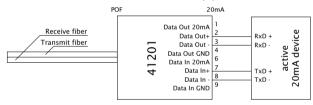
# **Applications**

The interface can be used as an active or passive 20mA component. In the active mode, the interface supplies the current required by the respective 20mA loop, while in the passive mode the loop current must be supplied by the connected device. The operating mode can be selected for both loops separately. Examples of interface switching into active/passive mode are shown in the following drawings:

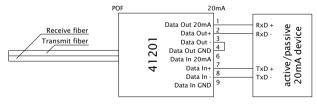
## Interface Tx and Rx loop active



# Interface Tx and Rx loop passive



#### Interface Tx loop active, Rx loop passive



#### **Technical Data**

Baud rate: 0..19,200 baud
Data format: any format
Supported signals: RxD, TxD
Max. distance: 100m

Operating modes: active or passive mode

Electrical Isolation: Serial port from power supply with

a dielectric strength of 1000 volts

ESD immunity: up to 15kV corresponding

to IEC 801-2, Level 4

Power supply: supplied power adapter

or 12..24V DC/AC

Current consumption: approx. 120mA @12V DC 20mA adapter: 9-pin male SUB-D adapter

POF adapter: Integrated socket

with automatic interlocking of the fiber-optic cable

POF medium: Duplex plastic optical fiber cable

2.2 x 4.4 mm, fiber diameter of 980µm, core: PMMA, cladding: PE

Ambient temperature: storage: -40..+70°C

operation: 0..+50°C

at external 24V supply voltage
Housing / Dimensions: small plastic housing for top hat

rail mounting, 105x75x22mm

Weight: approx. 600g incl. power adapter

Delivery: 20mA <> POF Interface

power adapter

for application in office

# POF Repeater, #11201

The W&T Fiber Optic Repeater Model 11201 allows two components with plastic fiber optic interfaces to be connected over a distance of more than 100 meters.

#### **Function**

As a rule, the transmission distance between two devices with plastic fiber optic interfaces is limited by the high attenuation factor of the fiber optic cable to a maximum of 100 meters. The Repeater is inserted in the center of a long transmission line and amplifies the received light signals, restoring them to their original intensity. By dividing the transmission line into several 100-meter fiber optic segments, reliable data transmission even over very long distances can be achieved. The transmission medium is standard duplex plastic fiber optic cable, which is inexpensive and extremely easy to work with and install. The use of fiber optics as a transmission medium ensures perfect galvanic isolation between the connected devices and clean transmission even in noise-prone environments. The interface is build in a small plastic housing designed for top hat rail mounting according to DIN EN 50022-35.

#### Power supply

The repeater uses a build-in switching regulator for power supply and has a wide input voltage range from 12V to 24V. The operating voltage can be supplied by the enclosed AC adaptor or by any other AC or DC voltage in the permissible range. The interface has a build-in reverse voltage protection. The power can be supplied by screwed contacts.

#### Connections

The fiber optic connection for the repeater is configured as a self-locking coupling for duplex plastic fiber optics.

#### **Display elements**

The repeater includes two LEDs, with green for indicating the correct supply voltage and red for verifying data transmission in both directions.

# **Assembly**

Connecting the plastic fiber optic cable to the repeater requires no special tools:

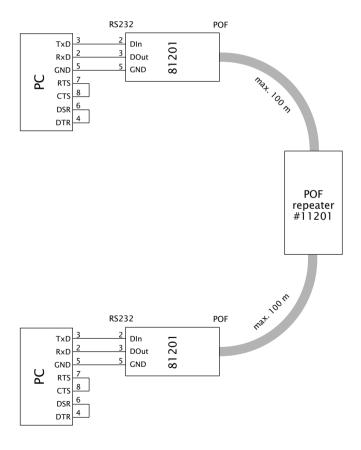
- Trim the fiber optic cable to the desired length using a sharp knife. Make your cut as close to a right angle to the longitudinal axis of the cable as possible. A simple cut is generally sufficient, with no reworking required.
- Separate the individual duplex conductors back from the cut point to a distance of around 2cm
- Pull the locking levers on the fiber optic female connector back towards the module along the upper side of the coupling.
- At the same time insert the separated end of the fiber optic duplex line into the fiber optic coupling female.
- Releasing the locking levers locks the fiber optics into the coupling.
- To release, pull the two locking levers on the top of the coupling towards the module, and pull the fiber optic cable out of the female.

The arrows on the top side of the coupling clearly show the location of the emitter and receiver lines.

Please note that when connecting two fiber optic components, the emitter of the first must always be connected to the receiver channel of the second component. A visible red light beam is always sent along with data, so that the sending line can always be easily identified.

# **Applications**

RS232 data transmission via plastic fiber optic cable over a distance of more than 100 meters



#### **Technical Data**

Baud rate: 0..115,200 baud
Data format: any format

Supported signals: RxD, TxD

Max. distance: 100m per POF segment ESD immunity: up to 15kV corresponding

to IEC 801-2, Level 4

Power supply: supplied power adapter

or 12..24V DC/AC

Current consumption: approx. 140mA @12V DC

POF adapter: Integrated socket

with automatic interlocking

of the fiber-optic cable

POF medium: Duplex plastic optical fiber cable

2.2 x 4.4 mm, fiber diameter of 980µm, core: PMMA, cladding: PE

Ambient temperature: storage: -40..+70°C

operation: 0..+50°C

at external 24V supply voltage

 $Housing\ /\ Dimensions: \qquad small\ plastic\ housing\ for\ top\ hat$ 

rail mounting, 105x75x22mm

Weight: approx. 600g incl. power adapter

Delivery: POF Repeater

power adapter

for application in office

# RS232 Line Driver Set, #80201

The W&T Line Driver Set Model 80201 permits bi-directional connection of two RS232 devices over a distance of up to 1.200 meters.

#### **Function**

The line driver set consists of two identical interface modules RS232 <> RS422 and supports one data and one handshaking line in each direction.

To avoid the effects of ground potential difference, both ports of the line driver modules are isolated from each other and from the power supply with a dielectric strength of 1000 volts.

The line driver modules must be connected to the RS232 devices by additional shielded serial cables. The pinout of the RS232 cables is shown in the chapter "Applications" of this manual.

The RS232 Line Driver Set modules are build in a small plastic housing designed for top hat rail mounting according to DIN EN 50022-35.

#### **Power supply**

The interfaces of the line driver set use build-in switching regulators for power supply and has a wide input voltage range from 12V to 24V. The operating voltage can be supplied by the enclosed AC adaptor or by any other AC or DC voltage in the permissible range. The interfaces have a build-in reverse voltage protection. The power can be supplied by screwed contacts.

## **Isolation and ESD protection**

Both ports of the device are isolated from each other and from the power supply with a dielectric strength of 1000 volts. The signals are isolated by means of high-speed opto-couplers; energy is supplied to the driver and receiver elements by means of an isolated DC/DC converter. All signal lines are protected against electrostatic discharge of up to 15kV according to IEC 801-2, level 4.

#### Connectors

The two ports of the W&T line driver module 80201 use DB9 male connectors. The connector pin assignments are shown in the table below:

RS232 interface:

Pin#	Function	
2	data in	
3	data out	
4	handshake out	
5	signal GND	
8	handshake in	

RS422 interface:

Pin#	Function	
1	data out A (-)	
2	data in A (-)	
3	handshake out A (-)	
4	handshake in A (-)	
5	signal GND	
6	data out B (+)	
7	data in B (+)	
8	handshake out B (+)	
9	handshake in B (+)	

# **Display elements**

The interface includes two LEDs, with green for indicating the correct supply voltage and red for verifying data transmission in both directions.

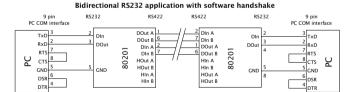
W&T

# Interconnecting cable

To ensure proper operation over long distances, 4-wire or 8-wire shielded twisted pair (STP) cable should be employed as interconnection cable. Because of the use of balanced RS422 interfaces, every transmitted RS232 signal requires one wire pair of the interconnecting cable. RS232 software handshake communications therefore require 2 pair STP cables, while communications with two additional hardware handshaking lines require 4 pair STP cables. One cable pair must be used for the inverting line (A) and the non-inverting line (B) of the same signal type. The cable shield shall be connected to the shell of the RS422 interface at both ends of the interconnecting cable.

# **Applications**





#### **Technical Data**

Baud rate: 0..115,200 baud

Data format: any format

Supported signals: RxD, TxD, CTS, DTR

Max. distance: 1000m

Electrical isolation: both ports from each other and

from power supply with a dielectric

strength of 1000 volts

ESD immunity: up to 15kV corresponding

to IEC 801-2, Level 4

Power supply: supplied power adapter

or 12..24V DC/AC

Current consumption: approx. 160mA @12V DC RS232 adapter: 9-pin male SUB-D adapter RS422 adapter: 9-pin male SUB-D adapter Ambient temperature: storage: -40..+70°C

operation: 0..+60°C

at external 24V supply voltage

Housing / Dimensions: small plastic housing for top hat

rail mounting, 105x75x22mm

Weight: approx. 600g incl. power adapter

Delivery: RS232 Line Driver Set

power adapter

for application in office

# **EC Declarartion of conformity**



#### Declaration of conformity according to paragraph 10.1 of directive 89/336/EWG

Wiesemann & Theis GmbH hereby confirms that the products

Interface RS232	$\Leftrightarrow$	RS422/RS485	Type 86201
Interface RS232	$\Diamond$	20mA	Type 84201
Interface RS422/RS485	$\Diamond$	20mA	Type 64201
RS232 Line Driver Set			Type 80201
RS232 Isolator 1kV			Type 88205
RS422/RS485 Isolator 1	kV		Type 66201
Profibus Isolator 1kV			Type 66203
Interface RS232	$\Diamond$	POF	Type 81201
Interface RS232	$\diamond$	POF with handshake	Type 81202
Interface RS422/RS485	$\Diamond$	POF	Type 61201
Interface Profibus	$\Diamond$	POF	Type 61202
Interface 20mA	$\Diamond$	POF	Type 41201
POF Reneater			Type 11201

fulfill the requirements of the directives / regulations specified below:

- 1. Emission according to
  - 1.1. EN 55022-B (1997)
  - 1.2. EN 61000-3-2 (1996) 1.3. EN 61000-3-3 (1996)
- 2. Noise Immunity according to EN 61000-6-2 (1999):

2.1. EN 61000-4-2	ESD
2.2. EN 61000-4-3	Radiated Immunity

- Surge Conducted Immunity
- 2.3. EN 61000-4-3 2.4. EN 61000-4-5 2.5. EN 61000-4-6
- 2.6. EN 61000-4-8 2.7. EN 61000-4-11 H-Field Supply Voltage Dips and Interruptions
- 3. Product-specific Low-Voltage Directive for communications technology
  - 3.1. EN 60950 (1997)

Wuppertal, 04/19/2002

Dipl.-Ing. Rüdiger Theis, Managing Director





















